Report and Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 September 2016

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS CONTENTS

	Page
General Information	3
Report of the Directors	4-6
Independent Auditor's Report	7-8
Statement of Comprehensive Income	9
Statement of Financial Position	10
Statement of Changes in Equity	11
Statement of Cash Flows	12
Notes to the Financial Statements	13-24

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS GENERAL INFORMATION

DIRECTORS: C Hickling

J Lewis

D Stephenson

ADMINISTRATOR, SECRETARY

AND REGISTRAR:

Praxis Fund Services Limited

Sarnia House

Le Truchot St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 1GR

INVESTMENT ADVISER: Investec Corporate and Institutional Banking

36 Hans Strijdom Avenue

Foreshore

Cape Town 8001 South Africa

REGISTERED OFFICE: Sarnia House

Le Truchot St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 1GR

AUDITOR: Saffery Champness

PO Box 141

La Tonnelle House Les Banques St Sampson Guernsey GY1 3HS

BANKERS: Investec Bank (Channel Islands) Limited

PO Box 188 Glategny Court Glategny Esplanade

St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 3LP

COMPANY REGISTRATION NO: 48918

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS For the year ended 30 September 2016

The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements ("the financial statements") for the year ended 30 September 2016.

Principal Activity

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding.

The Company is a Guernsey authorised closed-ended investment scheme and is subject to the Authorised Closed-Ended Investment Scheme Rules 2008. The Company is listed on the Bermuda Stock Exchange.

Going concern

At an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 29 May 2013, shareholders approved a special resolution to extend the life of the Company for a further period up to 20 December 2017 from the Company's termination date of 4 September 2013. Under the terms of the Company's new prospectus, which replaced the old prospectus with effect from 29 May 2013, in the absence of a special resolution to extend the life of the Company, the Company's shares will be redeemed and the Company will terminate on 20 December 2017.

A further Extraordinary General Meeting ('EGM') of the Company is due to be held during the course of 2017, at which shareholders will be asked to approve a special resolution to extend the life of the Company for a further period of between 5 and 10 years from the Company's current termination date of 20 December 2017, and to authorise the Directors to seek to raise additional capital through a secondary fund raising. In the view of the Directors, the likelihood of the EGM resolutions being passed, and of sufficient capital being subsequently raised, is extremely strong. As a result, the Directors believe that the Company is very likely to continue in operations beyond its current termination date. Therefore, as the Company also has sufficient working capital and adequate resources to continue in operations and meet its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future, these financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Results and Dividends

The Statement of Comprehensive Income is set out on page 8. The Directors do not propose a dividend for the year (2015: Nil).

Directors

The Directors of the Company during the year and to the date of this report are detailed below.

C Hickling

J Lewis

D Stephenson

Directors' and Other Interests

Janine Lewis is a director of Praxis Fund Services Limited ('PFSL'), the Company's Administrator, Secretary, Custodian and Registrar. David Stephenson and Chris Hickling are employees of PFSL. Janine Lewis and Chris Hickling are shareholders in Praxis Fund Holdings Limited, the parent company of PFSL.

During the year, no Director has had any beneficial interest in the shares of the Company.

No Director of the Company, or Investec Corporate and Institutional Banking ('ICIB'), the Investment Advisor to the Company, holds any right, either contingent or otherwise, to subscribe for shares in the Company.

Details of fees paid to PFSL and ICIB during the year are contained in notes 4 and 16 to these Financial Statements.

No fees were paid to the Directors by the Company during the year.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2016

Historical Results

The results and assets and liabilities of the Company for the last 5 years are as follows:

			iotai
			Comprehensive
	Total Assets	Total Liabilities	Income/(Loss)
	AUD	AUD	AUD
Year ended 30 September 2016	67,893,943	91,739	3,475,026
Year ended 30 September 2015	64,432,431	105,253	1,587,712
Year ended 30 September 2014 (restated)	62,810,570	71,104	4,611,619
Year ended 30 September 2013	58,151,445	23,598	(308)
Year ended 30 September 2012	26,128,768	55,278	1,388,258
Investment Portfolio			
The Company's investment portfolio comprises the following i	nvestments:		
	Percentage of	Cost	Market Value
	portfolio	AUD	AUD
Investec Bank Limited Structured Deposit (including			
embedded derivative)	84.5%	43,704,632	56,287,399
Credit Suisse Index Basket Option	15.5%	12,452,717	10,343,327
	_	56,157,349	66,630,726

Total

Investec Bank Limited and Credit Suisse are providers of financial services.

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company, for safeguarding the assets of the Company, for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities and for the preparation of a Directors' Report, which complies with the requirements of The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008.

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008. The Directors have chosen to prepare financial statements for the Company in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs).

International Accounting Standard 1 requires that financial statements present fairly for each financial year the Company's financial position, financial performance and cash flows. This requires the faithful representation of the effects of transactions, other events and conditions in accordance with the definitions and recognition criteria for assets, liabilities, income and expenses set out in the International Accounting Standards Board's 'Framework for the preparation and presentation of financial statements'. In virtually all circumstances, a fair presentation will be achieved by compliance with all applicable IFRSs. A fair presentation also requires the Directors to:

- consistently select and apply appropriate accounting policies;
- present information, including accounting policies, in a manner that provides relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable information; and
- provide additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements in IFRSs is insufficient to
 enable users to understand the impact of particular transactions, other events and conditions on the entity's
 financial position and financial performance.

The Directors confirm that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the financial statements.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2016

The Directors confirm that:

- so far as each Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware:
- each Director has taken all the steps they ought to have taken as a Director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information; and
- the financial statements give a true and fair view and have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, with The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008 and with The Protection of Investors (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 1987.

Auditor

A resolution to re-appoint Saffery Champness as auditor will be put to the members at the Annual General Meeting.

By Order of the Board

Chris Hickling Director 28 February 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Asia Pacific Basket Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Asia Pacific Basket Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 30 September 2016, which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Equity, Statement of Cash Flows and related notes to the financial statements. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 262 of The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 5, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the United Kingdom Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies, we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view;
- are in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards; and
- comply with The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008.

Emphasis of matter

In forming our opinion on the financial statements, which is not modified, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosure made in note 1 of the financial statements with regard to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company's life is due to terminate on 20 December 2017. An Extraordinary General Meeting ('EGM') of the Company is due to be held during the course of 2017, at which shareholders will be asked to approve a special resolution to extend the life of the Company for a further period of between 5 and 10 years from the Company's current termination date of 20 December 2017, and to authorise the Directors to seek to raise additional capital through a secondary fund raising. In the view of the Directors, the likelihood of the EGM resolutions being passed, and of sufficient capital being subsequently raised, is extremely strong. As a result, the Directors believe that the Company is very likely to continue in operations beyond its current termination date. Whilst the Directors believe the likelihood of extension to be extremely strong, the actual outcome is unknown and this gives rise to a material uncertainty as to whether or not the Company is a going concern. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would be required if they had been prepared on a non-going concern basis.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Asia Pacific Basket Limited (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- proper accounting records have not been kept by the company;
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- we have failed to obtain all the information and explanations, which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purposes of our audit.

SAFFERY CHAMPNESS Chartered Accountants Guernsey 28 February 2017

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOMEFor the year ended 30 September 2016

REVENUE	Notes	2016 AUD	2015 AUD
Interest income	5	4,198,309	3,439,387
GAIN/(LOSS) ON INVESTMENTS			
Investments at fair value through profit and loss	6	575,120	(2,046,078)
Derivatives at fair value through profit and loss	8	(409,360)	895,305
		4,364,069	2,288,614
Operating expenses	9	(889,043)	(904,230)
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		3,475,026	1,384,384
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
Items reclassifiable to profit and loss Unrealised gain on available-for-sale investments	7	-	203,328
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		3,475,026	1,587,712
Earnings per share			
Basic and diluted earnings per ordinary share	10	AUD 62.60	AUD 24.94

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 30 September 2016

		2016	2015
	Notes	AUD	AUD
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Investments at fair value through profit and loss	6	10,343,327	9,768,207
Derivatives at fair value through profit and loss	8	1,287,968	1,697,328
Available-for-sale investments	7	54,999,431	50,825,522
		66,630,726	62,291,057
CURRENT ASSETS			
Trade and other receivables	11	783,051	765,081
Cash and cash equivalents		480,166	1,376,293
		1,263,217	2,141,374
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	12	(13,068)	(37,449)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		1,250,149	2,103,925
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	12	(78,671)	(67,804)
		67,802,204	64,327,178
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Share capital	13	565	565
Share premium	14	57,878,978	57,878,978
Retained earnings		9,120,638	5,645,612
Revaluation reserve		802,023	802,023
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		67,802,204	64,327,178
Number of fully paid Ordinary shares of AUD 0.01 each		55,510.64	55,510.64
Net Asset Value per Ordinary Share		AUD 1,221.43	AUD 1,158.83

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 28 February 2017 and signed on its behalf by:

Chris Hickling Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the year ended 30 September 2016

	Management Shareholders		Ordinary Shareholder	s		Total
	Share Capital AUD	Share Capital AUD	Share Premium AUD	Retained Earnings AUD	Revaluation reserve AUD	Total AUD
Year ended 30 September 20	015					
At 30 September 2014	10	555	57,878,978	4,261,228	598,695	62,739,466
Net profit for the year	-	-	-	1,384,384	-	1,384,384
Revaluation of available-for- sale investments (see note 7)	-	-	-	-	203,328	203,328
At 30 September 2015	10	555	57,878,978	5,645,612	802,023	64,327,178
Year ended 30 September 2	2016					
Net profit for the year	-	-	-	3,475,026	-	3,475,026
At 30 September 2016	10	555	57,878,978	9,120,638	802,023	67,802,204

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the year ended 30 September 2016

	Notes	2016 AUD	2015 AUD
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net profit for the year		3,475,026	1,384,384
Adjustments for:			
Interest income	5	(4,198,309)	(3,439,387)
(Gain)/loss on investments at fair value through profit and loss	6	(575,120)	2,046,078
Loss/(gain) on derivatives at fair value through profit and loss	8	409,360	(895,305)
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables		(17,970)	17,927
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables		(13,514)	34,149
Net cash outflow from operating activities		(920,527)	(852,154)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Bank interest income		24,400	61,672
Repayments of fixed deposits		, -	2,050,000
Net cash inflow from investing activities		24,400	2,111,672
(Decrease)/Increase in cash and cash equivalents for the year		(896,127)	1,259,518
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		1,376,293	116,775
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		480,166	1,376,293

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2016

1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Company's financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements of Asia Pacific Basket Limited, with domicile in Guernsey, have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS').

Going concern

At an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 29 May 2013, shareholders approved a special resolution to extend the life of the Company for a further period up to 20 December 2017 from the Company's termination date of 4 September 2013. Under the terms of the Company's new prospectus, which replaced the old prospectus with effect from 29 May 2013, in the absence of a special resolution to extend the life of the Company, the Company's shares will be redeemed and the Company will terminate on 20 December 2017.

A further Extraordinary General Meeting ('EGM') of the Company is due to be held during the course of 2017, at which shareholders will be asked to approve a special resolution to extend the life of the Company for a further period of between 5 and 10 years from the Company's current termination date of 20 December 2017, and to authorise the Directors to seek to raise additional capital through a secondary fund raising. In the view of the Directors, the likelihood of the EGM resolutions being passed, and of sufficient capital being subsequently raised, is extremely strong. As a result, the Directors believe that the Company is very likely to continue in operations beyond its current termination date. Therefore, as the Company also has sufficient working capital and adequate resources to continue in operations and meet its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future, these financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Adoption of new and revised Standards

There were no new standards relevant to the Company which became effective during the year.

New, revised and amended standards and interpretations not yet adopted

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the following relevant standards and interpretations, which have not been applied in these financial statements, were in issue but not yet effective:

- IFRS 9, "Financial Instruments Classification and Measurement" (effective for periods commencing on or after 1 January 2018);
- IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (effective for periods commencing on or after 1 January 2018).

In addition, the IASB completed its latest Annual Improvements to IFRS project in September 2014 and its disclosure initiative in December 2014. These projects have amended a number of existing standards and interpretations effective for accounting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2016 and 1 January 2017.

The Directors believe that none of these standards and interpretations will have a material effect on the financial statements of the Company, however IFRS 9 may require additional disclosure in future financial statements.

Revenue recognition

Revenue includes interest and other income and is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company and the revenue can be measured reliably. Interest and other revenues are accounted for on an accruals basis.

Expenses

Expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis. All expenses are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except for expenses incurred in relation to the launch of the Company, which have been charged against share premium.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2016

1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign exchange

Foreign currency assets and liabilities are translated into Australian Dollars at the rate of exchange ruling on the balance sheet date. Foreign currency transactions are translated into Australian Dollars at the rate of exchange ruling on the date of the transaction. Foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the period in which they arise.

Investments

The Company's Option investments are classified as investments at fair value through profit or loss.

The Company's Structured Deposit investment is classified as an available-for-sale investment.

All investments are measured initially at cost, which is the fair value of whatever was paid to acquire them. Transaction costs relating to the acquisition of investments at fair value through profit or loss are expensed as incurred in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Transaction costs relating to the acquisition of available-forsale investments are capitalised. Investments are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

After initial recognition, the Company uses the following measurement basis for its investments:

- i) Held-for-trading investments and those so designated at inception: Fair value through profit and loss;
- ii) Available-for-sale investments: Fair value through equity.

Fair value is calculated using quoted market prices, independent appraisals, discounted cash flow analysis or other appropriate valuation models at the year end date. Gains arising on the disposal of investments are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, as are unrealised gains on investments at fair value through profit and loss. Unrealised gains on available-for-sale investments are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income. All gains or losses are recognised in the period in which they arise. Prior year revaluation gains on available-for-sale investments disposed of during the year are reclassified through the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the period in which the investments are disposed of.

Liquid resources

Liquid resources comprise cash and cash equivalents and fixed deposits. Cash and cash equivalents comprises bank balances and short term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less. Deposits with an original maturity of greater than three months are classified as fixed deposits.

Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are stated at amortised cost less any impairment. In the opinion of the Directors, there is no material difference between the carrying value of the trade and other receivables and their fair value.

Trade and other payables

Trade payables are stated at amortised cost. In the opinion of the Directors, there is no material difference between the carrying value of the trade and other payables and their fair value.

Taxation

The Company is exempt from Guernsey income tax under the Income Tax (Exempt Bodies) (Guernsey) Ordinance 1989 and is charged an annual exemption fee of £1,200 (2015: £1,200).

Reserves

Gains or losses arising on the revaluation of the Company's available-for-sale investments are taken to the revaluation reserve.

2. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Board of Directors considers that the Company is engaged in a single segment of business, being the holding of investments. The Board considers that it is the Company's Chief Operating Decision Maker.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2016

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate was revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The Directors have determined that the Company's Structured Deposit investment should be classified as an available-for-sale investment and its Option investment classified as an investment at fair value through profit or loss. The methodologies for establishing the fair value of the Company's investments are detailed in notes 6 and 7.

4. SIGNIFICANT AGREEMENTS

The following significant agreements have been entered into by the Company:

Administration, Custodian and Secretarial Agreement

Under the Administration, Custodian and Secretarial Agreement, the Company has agreed to pay or procure to be paid to the administrator, for its services as administrator, secretary, custodian and registrar, a fee of 0.15% per annum of the Company's funds (as reduced by any redemptions of Ordinary Shares prior to the Redemption Date, which attract a redemption fee of 0.5% of the value of the redemption). In addition the administrator is entitled to receive interest earned by the Company on the unpaid element of the fees. See notes 8, 10 and 11 for details of administration fees and interest paid in the year and balances outstanding at the year end.

Investment Advisory Agreement

Under the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Company has agreed to pay or procure to be paid to the advisor, for its services as advisor, a fee of 0.55% per annum of the Company's funds (as reduced by any redemptions of Ordinary Shares prior to the Redemption Date, which attract a redemption fee of 0.5% of the value of the redemption). In addition the advisor is entitled to receive interest earned by the Company on the unpaid element of the fees. See notes 8, 10 and 11 for details of investment advisory fees and interest paid in the year and balances outstanding at the year end.

Distribution Agreement

Under the Distribution Agreement, the Company has agreed to pay or procure to be paid to the distributors a fee of 0.7% per annum of that portion of the Company's funds that is derived from the subscription amount subscribed for by Subscribers introduced by the distributor (as reduced by any redemptions of such Ordinary Shares prior to the Redemption Date), or holders of existing issued Ordinary Shares introduced by the Distributor and who elect to remain invested in the Company (as reduced by any redemptions of such Ordinary Shares prior to the Redemption Date). See notes 8, 10 and 11 for details of distribution fees paid in the year and balances outstanding at the year end. Investec Corporate and Institutional Banking, the Company's Investment Advisor, is also a Distributor for the Company.

All fees described above are payable annually in advance on the anniversary of the Trade Date (the date of investment of the Company's funds) each year until the Termination Date (the date of compulsory redemption of the Ordinary shares).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2016

5.	INTEREST INCOME		
		2016	2015
		AUD	AUD
	Interest on available-for-sale investments	4,173,909	3,382,018
	Bank interest	24,400	57,369
		4,198,309	3,439,387
6.	INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT AND LOSS		
		2016	2015
		AUD	AUD
	Credit Suisse Index Basket Option		
	Fair value brought forward	9,768,207	11,814,285
	Fair value adjustment for the year	575,120	(2,046,078)
	Fair value carried forward	10,343,327	9,768,207

The Option is a Call Option referenced to a weighted basket of indices as follows:

•	MSCI Singapore Cash Index	20%
•	S&P/ASX 200 Index	20%
•	MSCI Taiwan Index	20%
•	Hang Seng Index	15%
•	Nikkei 225 Index	15%
•	Hang Seng China Enterprises Index	10%

The Directors determine the fair value of the Option based on valuations provided by Credit Suisse. These valuations are calculated using a formula specified in the Option contract, which is based on the movements in the closing prices of the above Indices from the issue date of the Option to the reporting date.

The Option has been classified as a level 2 investment in the fair value hierarchy.

7. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

	2016	2015
	AUD	AUD
Investec Bank Limited Structured Deposit		
Fair value brought forward	50,825,522	47,240,176
Interest for the year	4,173,909	3,382,018
Fair value adjustment for the year	-	203,328
Fair value carried forward	54,999,431	50,825,522

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2016

7. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS (continued)

The Investec Bank Limited Structured Deposit (the "Structured Deposit") is a hybrid instrument comprising the following components:

- A holding of floating rate bonds originally issued by Investec Bank (Australia) Limited, which was acquired by
 the Bank of Queensland on 31 July 2014. These bonds (the "BoQ bonds") have a coupon rate of the
 Australian BBSW rate + 5.5%. The BoQ bonds were purchased in the market, and, in order to guarantee
 investors' capital protection at the termination date of the Company, their sale proceeds are fixed by means of
 a Put Option Agreement entered into between the Company and Investec Bank Limited;
- An accreting bank deposit, which commences on the date of the first interest payment from the BoQ bonds, receives all subsequent interest payments during the life of the Company, and earns interest on a monthly compounding basis;
- Two interest rate swaps: the first of which swaps the floating rate interest into fixed interest amounts on a monthly basis; and the second of which accretes that interest into a rolled up bullet payment payable on maturity. Notwithstanding that the Company regards the interest rate swaps as a fundamental part of the Structured Deposit, in accordance with IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", these instruments are now classified separately in the Statement of Financial Position under the heading 'Derivatives at fair value through profit and loss', and movements in the fair value thereof are recognised separately in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. For further details please refer to note 8.

The Directors regard the Structured Deposit as a single financial instrument, the fair value of which is determined according to the following methodologies:

- The capital element of the BoQ bonds is measured on an amortising cost basis, apportioning the revaluation on a straight-line basis from the bonds' clean purchase cost to the clean closing value (as determined by the Put Option Agreement) over the life of the Company. Interest on the BoQ bonds is calculated on an accruals basis;
- The value of the accreting deposit is determined as the balance of the deposit plus accrued interest;
- The interest rate swaps are measured at their mark-to-market value, based on valuations provided by the swap issuer, less a provision for unwind costs, estimated by the Investment Advisor.

The Structured Deposit has been classified as a level 2 investment in the fair value hierarchy, as the main constituents of the product, being interest on the BoQ bonds and interest on the accreting deposit account, have observable inputs.

8.	DERIVATIVES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT AND LOSS	2016	2015
		£	£
	Fair value brought forward	1,697,328	802,023
	Fair value adjustment for the year	(409,360)	895,305
	Fair value carried forward	1.287.968	1,697,328

Derivatives at fair value through profit and loss comprises two interest rate swaps utilised to fix the interest payable on the accreting deposit component of the Structured Deposit (see note 7). The interest rate swaps are measured at their mark-to-market value, based on valuations provided by the swap issuer, less a provision for unwind costs, estimated by the Investment Advisor.

The derivatives are classified as level 2 investments in the fair value hierarchy.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2016

9.	OPERATING EXPENSES	2016	2015
٥.	OF ENATING EXICEO	AUD	AUD
	Distributor fees	417,880	415,652
	Investment advisory fees	330,830	329,926
	Administration fees	92,329	91,660
	Auditor's remuneration	15,330	15,527
	Guernsey Financial Services Commission licence fees	6,708	6,210
	Listing & sponsorship fees	8,287	7,272
	Statutory fees	3,510	3,015
	Professional indemnity insurance	1,556	1,323
	Interest payable	10,867	30,757
	Sundry expenses	1,746	2,888
	Canaly expenses		
		889,043	904,230
10.	EARNINGS PER ORDINARY SHARE		
	The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share is based on the follow	ing data:	
		2016	2015
	Profit attributable to Ordinary shares:	AUD	AUD
	Profit for purpose of calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share being profit for the year attributable to Ordinary shareholders	3,475,026	1,384,384
	Number of shares:		
	Weighted average number of Ordinary shares for the purpose of basic		
	earnings per share	55,510.64	55,510.64
	Earnings per share attributable to Ordinary shares	AUD 62.60	AUD 24.94
	A weighted average number of shares has been calculated to enable users to g profit generated per share through the year. The weighted average has been number of days shares have actually been in issue and hence their ability to influence their ability to influenc	calculated with re	eference to the
11.	TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	2016	2015
		AUD	AUD
	Prepaid administration fee	83,570	83,817
	Prepaid distributor fees	387,056	368,376
	Prepaid investment advisory fee	306,424	307,327
	Other prepayments	6,001	5,561
		783,051	765,081
			/

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2016

12. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	2016	2015
	AUD	AUD
Current		
Distributor fees	37	22,550
Audit fee	12,692	14,552
Sponsorship fee	339	347
	13,068	37,449
Non-current		
Interest payable	78,671	67,804
13. SHARE CAPITAL	2016	2015
	AUD	AUD
Authorised:		7.52
10 Management shares of AUD 1 each	10	10
999,000 Ordinary shares of AUD 0.01 per share	9,990	9,990
	10,000	10,000
	2016	2015
	AUD	AUD
Issued and fully paid:	7.35	, (32
10 Management shares of AUD 1 each	10	10
55,510.64 Ordinary shares of AUD 0.01 each	555	555
,	565	565
		303

Ordinary shares are entitled to 1 vote each at a general meeting of the Company. The Ordinary shares will be compulsorily redeemed on the termination date, 20 December 2017. Ordinary shareholders are entitled to receive any dividends or distributions from the Company and any surplus arising on the winding up of the Company after the payment of creditors and redemption of the Management shares at their nominal value.

Management shares are entitled to 10,000 votes each at a general meeting of the Company. Management shares may only be owned by The Basket Trust (see note 15) or its nominee. Management shareholders are not entitled to receive any dividends or distributions from the Company nor any surplus arising on the winding up of the Company in excess of the nominal value of the Management shares.

14. SHARE PREMIUM	2016 AUD	2015 AUD
Balance brought forward	57,878,978	57,878,978
Balance carried forward	57,878,978	57,878,978

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2016

15. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The immediate controlling party at the year end date is PraxisIFM Trust Limited as trustee of The Basket Trust, which owns the Management shares in the Company, and the ultimate controlling party is PraxisIFM Group Limited ('PGL'), a company incorporated in Guernsey. PGL is also the ultimate controlling party of Praxis Fund Services Limited ('PFSL'), the administrator of the Company.

PFSL is deemed to be a related party, as Janine Lewis is a director of PFSL and a shareholder in Praxis Fund Holdings Limited ('PFHL'), the immediate controlling party of PFSL; Chris Hickling is a shareholder in PFHL; and David Stephenson is an employee of PFSL. During the year PFSL received AUD 92,329 (2015: AUD 91,660) for their services as administrator. At the year end date administration fees of AUD 83,570 had been paid to PFSL in advance (2015: AUD 83,817). At the year end date interest on outstanding fees of AUD 16,813 (2015: AUD 14,485) was payable to PFSL.

The Investment Advisor, Investec Corporate and Institutional Banking, a division of Investec Bank Limited, the issuer of the Company's Structured Deposit, is deemed to be a related party. During the year Investec Corporate and Institutional Banking received AUD 330,830 (2015: AUD 329,926) for their services as investment advisor. At the year end date advisory fees of AUD 306,424 (2015: AUD 307,328) had been paid to Investec Corporate and Institutional Banking in advance and interest on outstanding fees of AUD 61,858 (2015: AUD 53,319) was payable to Investec Corporate and Institutional Banking.

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK FACTORS

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk from the financial instruments it holds. The Company has a fixed modus operandi, as stated in its prospectus, which is to invest its capital in a zero coupon bond (or other structured product with similar characteristics) and an option or options on a specified index or basket of indices; and to retain a certain element of cash to cover expenses to be incurred over the specified period of its life. As a result of this, the Company's flexibility in dealing with the risks associated with these instruments is somewhat limited. However, the risk management policies that are employed by the Company to manage these risks are discussed below:

(i) Market risk

(a) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises when future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the Company's measurement currency.

The Company is exposed to currency risk because the Credit Suisse index basket call option is denominated in US dollar whilst the Company's measurement currency is Australian dollar. At 30 September 2016, the foreign currency exposure of the Company represented 17.0% (2015: 15.2%) of Equity Shareholder's Funds. The Company's policy is not to manage the Company's exposure to foreign exchange movements by entering into any foreign exchange hedging transactions. If the US Dollar/Australian Dollar exchange rate at the year end date had been 10% higher/lower, this would have resulted in an increase/decrease in the year end net asset value of AUD 1,174,620 (2015: AUD 976,820). The sensitivity rate of 10% is regarded as reasonable, as this reflects approximately the degree of volatility in the US Dollar/Australian Dollar exchange rate during the year.

The Company had no other material currency exposures as at 30 September 2016 or 30 September 2015.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2016

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK FACTORS (continued)

(i) Market risk

(b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk as it invests cash and bank balances at short term interest rates. At 30 September 2016, the Company held cash on a call account of AUD 480,166 (2015: AUD 1,376,293), which earns interest at a floating rate (0% as at 30 September 2016), and held no cash on fixed deposit accounts (2015: AUD Nil). Fixed deposits earn interest at an agreed fixed rate over the term of the deposit.

Had these balances existed for the whole of the period, the effect on the Statement of Comprehensive Income of an increase in short term interest rates of 0.5% per annum would have been an increase in total comprehensive income for the year of AUD 2,401 (2015: AUD 6,881). The sensitivity rate of 0.5% is regarded as reasonable in relation to the current Australian base rate of 1.5% as interest rates on Australian Dollar bank accounts are not currently volatile.

The investment in the Structured Deposit is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in respect of the interest rate swap that forms a part of the instrument. However, whilst changes in market interest rates may give rise to short-term fluctuations in fair value, if the Structured Deposit is held to maturity its maturity value is fixed and is therefore not subject to interest rate risk.

The Company had no other material interest rate exposures as at either 30 September 2016 or 30 September 2015

(c) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the value of an instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer or all factors affecting all instruments traded in the market. The Company's investments at fair value through profit and loss are directly affected by changes in market prices.

Price risk is managed at inception by investing in a combination of two financial instruments: a holding of zero coupon bonds (or other structured product with similar characteristics) that will provide capital protection for investors; and a call option on an index or basket of indices that the investment advisor believes is most likely to provide positive performance during the life of the Company. In order to provide capital protection, the amount of bonds acquired is calculated to ensure that the maturing amount will be sufficient to guarantee that all investors who remain in the Company to maturity will at minimum get back the amount that they invested. The call option provides the potential for significant upside performance, should the relevant indices perform well, with the downside limited to loss of the initial option premium.

The investment premise of the Company involves participation in the potential upside afforded by the Options, whilst enjoying the capital protection afforded by the Structured Deposit. Therefore, whilst the Board monitors the performance of the Option and Strctured Deposit, it is unlikely that the Board would consider redeeming these at any stage, other than in relation to the redemption of investors' shares. As a result, the management of price risk effectively occurs at the inception of the Company in the selection of investments, and is not an active ongoing process during the remainder of the life of the Company.

The investments at fair value through profit and loss and available-for-sale investments expose the Company to price risk. The details are as follows:

	2016	2015
	AUD	AUD
Credit Suisse index basket call option	10,343,327	9,768,207
Investec Bank Limited Structured Deposit (including embedded derivatives)	56,287,399	52,522,850
	66,630,726	62,291,057

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2016

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK FACTORS (continued)

(i) Market risk (continued)

(c) Price risk (continued)

A 50 per cent increase/decrease in the value of the call option at 30 September 2016 would have increased/decreased the Net Asset Value of the Company by AUD 5,873,096 (2015: AUD 4,884,104). The sensitivity rate of 50% is regarded as reasonable due to the potential volatility of the Indices to which the Option is linked, magnified by the participation rate of 200% attached to the Option.

A 5 per cent increase/decrease in the value of the Structured Deposit at 30 September 2016 would have increased/decreased the Net Asset Value of the Company by AUD 2,814,370 (2015: AUD 2,626,143). The lower sensitivity rate of 5% is regarded as reasonable, as the rate at which interest is earned on the investment, which forms the main part of the annual uplift in value, is largely fixed, and the instrument is not significantly subject to the volatility of investment markets.

(ii) Credit risk

Credit risk arises when a failure by counter-parties to discharge their obligations could reduce the amount of future cash inflows from financial assets on hand at the year end date. These financial assets include cash and cash equivalents, fixed deposits, debtors, available-for-sale investments and investments at fair value through profit and loss. The Company's exposure to credit risk arises from default of the counterparty with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying value or fair value of these instruments.

The Company aims to manage credit risk by holding its securities and cash assets with reputable banking institutions with an investment grade long-term credit rating, ie a Fitch rating in the range AAA+ to BBB-. In the event of any downgrading in the long-term credit rating of any issuer below this level, the Company in its absolute discretion would consider the following courses of action: selling the relevant securities to third party purchasers and reinvesting the proceeds in the purchase of securities of another issuer, such that the new securities would replicate as closely as possible the terms and conditions of the original securities; and transferring cash to another banking institution. The Directors would only seek to sell the relevant securities or transfer cash if they consider on the advice of the investment advisor that such would be in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders.

The Company monitors the creditworthiness of its counterparties on an ongoing basis.

The majority of the Company's trade and receivables consist of prepayments and there is no credit risk associated with these balances.

The available-for-sale investments are held with Investec Bank Limited, which has a Fitch long-term rating of BBB (2015: BBB). The investments at fair value through profit and loss are held with Credit Suisse, which has a Fitch long-term rating of A- (2015: A). The cash and cash equivalents are held with Investec Bank (Channel Islands) Limited, which has a Fitch long term rating of BBB (2015: BBB).

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet financial liability obligations as they fall due, which may cause financial losses to the Company. The Company places its cash and cash equivalents with financial institutions on a short-term basis in order to maintain a high level of liquidity. This ensures that the Company is able to complete transactions in a timely manner, thus minimising the Company's exposure to such losses.

The Board reviews the cash resources of the Company on an ongoing basis to ensure that sufficient monies are held on call account to meet the Company's short-term obligations. At 30 September 2016 the cash on call was AUD 480,166 (2015: AUD 1,376,293), which is considered by the Board to be sufficient to meet all the Company's short-term obligations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2016

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK FACTORS (continued)

(iii) Liquidity risk

The following table analyses the Company's financial liabilities, which will be settled on a net basis, into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period from the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

30 September 2016	Less than 6 months AUD	6-12 months AUD	1 - 5 years AUD
Trade and other payables	13,068	-	78,671
Net exposure	13,068		78,671
	Less than 6 months	6-12 months	1 - 5 years
30 September 2015	AUD	AUD	AUD
Trade and other payables	37,449		67,804
Net exposure	37,449		67,804

(iv) Fair value hierarchy

The following table analyses instruments carried at fair value, by level of the fair value hierarchy. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (ie as prices) or indirectly (ie derived from prices);
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

30 September 2016	Level 1 AUD	Level 2 AUD	Level 3 AUD	Total AUD
Investments at fair value through profit and loss Available-for-sale investments (including	-	10,343,327	-	10,343,327
embedde derivatives)	-	56,287,399	-	56,287,399
	_	66,630,726	-	66,630,726
30 September 2015	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	AUD	AUD	AUD	AUD
Investments at fair value through profit and				
loss	-	9,768,207	-	9,768,207
Available-for-sale investments	-	52,522,850	-	52,522,850
	-	62,291,057	_	62,291,057

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2016

17. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's capital comprises the funds it has raised through the issue of share capital.

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to ensure that the Company will be able to continue as a going concern, the Board continuously monitors forecast and actual cash flows and matches the maturity profiles of assets and liabilities. The Company has no external borrowings.

18. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There were no significant post year end events requiring disclosure in these financial statements.